

Mid Ch. Review

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \cos x (\tan x + \cot x) = \csc x$$

$$\cos x \cdot \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + \frac{\cos x \cdot \cos x}{\sin x}$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{\sin x}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin x}$$

$$\csc x$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{\sin(x + \pi)}{\cos(x + \frac{3\pi}{2})} = \tan^2 x - \sec^2 x$$

$$\tan^2 x - (\tan^2 x + 1)$$

$$-1$$

$$\frac{\sin x \cos \pi + \sin \pi \cos x}{\cos x \cos \frac{3\pi}{2} - \sin x \sin \frac{3\pi}{2}}$$

$$\frac{-\sin x + 0}{0 + \sin x}$$

$$\frac{-\sin x}{\sin x}$$

$$-1$$

$$\textcircled{3} (\sin \theta + \cos \theta)^2 + (\sin \theta - \cos \theta)^2 = 2$$

$$\sin^2 \theta + 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta + \cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta - 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 2$$

$$1 + 1 = 2$$

$$\textcircled{4} \frac{\sin t - 1}{\cos t} = \frac{\cos t - \cot t}{\cos t \cot t}$$

$$\frac{\sin t}{\cos t} - \frac{1}{\cos t} = \frac{\cos t}{\cos t \cot t} - \frac{\cot t}{\cos t \cot t}$$

$$\tan t - \sec t = \frac{1}{\cot} - \frac{1}{\cos t}$$

$$\tan t - \sec t = \tan t - \sec t$$

$$\textcircled{5} \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{\sin 2x} = \tan x$$

$$\frac{1 - (1 - 2\sin^2 x)}{2 \sin x \cos x}$$

$$\frac{2\sin^2 x}{2 \sin x \cos x}$$

$$\frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$\tan x$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad \frac{\sin x}{\tan x} + \frac{\cos x}{\cot x} = \sin x + \cos x$$

$$\frac{\sin x}{\frac{\sin x}{\cos x}} + \frac{\cos x}{\frac{\cos x}{\sin x}}$$

$$\sin x \cdot \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} + \cos x \cdot \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$\cos x + \sin x$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad \sin^2 \frac{x}{2} = \frac{\tan^2 x - \sin x}{2 \tan x}$$

$$\frac{\tan x - \sin x}{2 \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}}$$

$$\tan x \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \right) - \sin x \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cos x$$

$$\frac{1 - \cos x}{2}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos x}{2}} \right)^2$$

$$\sin^2 \frac{x}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad \sin \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)]$$

$$\frac{1}{2} [(\sin \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \beta \cos \alpha) + (\sin \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \beta \cos \alpha)]$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (2 \sin \alpha \cos \beta)$$

$$\sin \alpha \cos \beta$$

$$\textcircled{10} \quad \frac{1 + \frac{1}{\sin x}}{\frac{1}{\cos x}} - \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} = \cos x$$

$$\cos x \left(1 + \frac{1}{\sin x} \right) - \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}$$

$$\cos x + \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} - \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}$$

$$\cos x$$

$$\textcircled{11} \quad \frac{\cot x - 1}{\cot x + 1} = \frac{1 - \tan x}{1 + \tan x}$$

$$\left(\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} - 1 \right) \cdot \sin x$$

$$\left(\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} + 1 \right) \cdot \sin x$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \right) \cdot \cos x$$

$$\left(1 + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \right) \cdot \cos x$$

$$\frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\cos x + \sin x}$$

$$\frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\cos x + \sin x}$$

$$(12) \quad 2\sin^3\theta \cos\theta + 2\sin\theta \cos^3\theta = \sin 2\theta$$

$$2\sin\theta \cos\theta (\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta)$$

$$2\sin\theta \cos\theta (1)$$

$$\sin 2\theta$$

(13)

$$\frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sec x + \csc x} = \frac{\sin x}{\sec x}$$

$$\frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\frac{1}{\cos x} + \frac{1}{\sin x}}$$

$$\frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sin x \cdot \cos x}}$$

$$\sin x + \cos x \cdot \frac{\sin x \cos x}{\sin x + \cos x}$$

$$\sin x \cos x$$

$$\frac{\sin x}{\sec x}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (14) \quad \sec 2x &= \frac{\sec^2 x}{2 - \sec^2 x} \\
 &= \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos^2 x} \right) \cos^2 x}{\left(2 - \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} \right) \cos^2 x} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\cos^2 x - 1} \\
 &= \frac{1}{\cos 2x} \\
 &= \sec 2x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(15) \quad \tan(\alpha + \beta) \tan(\alpha - \beta) = \frac{\tan^2 \alpha - \tan^2 \beta}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha \tan^2 \beta}$$

$$\frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \beta}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \beta} \cdot \frac{\tan \alpha - \tan \beta}{1 + \tan \alpha \tan \beta}$$

$$\frac{\tan^2 \alpha - \tan^2 \beta}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha \tan^2 \beta}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (16) \quad \csc \theta + \cot \theta &= \frac{\sin \theta (1 + \cos \theta)}{1 - \cos \theta (1 + \cos \theta)} \\
 \frac{1}{\sin \theta} + \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} &= \frac{\sin \theta + \sin \theta \cos \theta}{1 - \cos^2 \theta} \\
 \frac{1 + \cos \theta}{\sin \theta} &= \frac{\sin \theta + \sin \theta \cos \theta}{\sin^2 \theta} \\
 &= \frac{\sin \theta (1 + \cos \theta)}{\sin^2 \theta} \\
 &= \frac{1 + \cos \theta}{\sin \theta}
 \end{aligned}$$

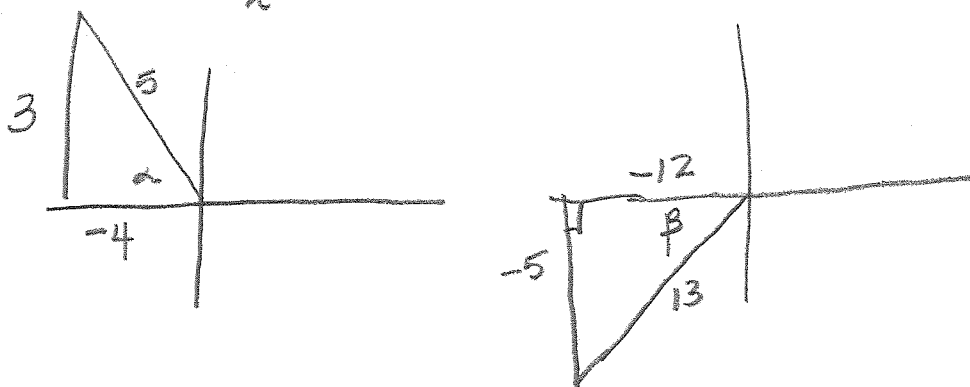
$$\begin{aligned}
 (17) \quad \frac{1}{\sec 2x} &= \frac{2 \tan x}{1 + \tan^2 x} \\
 \sin 2x &= \frac{\left(2 \cdot \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \right) \cdot \cos^2 x}{\left(1 + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} \right) \cdot \cos^2 x} \\
 &= \frac{2 \sin x \cos x}{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x} \\
 &= \frac{2 \sin x \cos x}{1}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(18) \quad \frac{\sec x - 1}{x \sec x} = \frac{1 - \cos x}{x}$$

$$\frac{\sec x}{x \sec x} - \frac{1}{x \sec x}$$

$$\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x} \cdot \cos x$$

$$\frac{1 - \cos x}{x}$$



$$(19) \quad \cos(\alpha - \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\left(-\frac{4}{5}\right)\left(-\frac{12}{13}\right) + \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)\left(-\frac{5}{13}\right)$$

$$\frac{48}{65} - \frac{15}{65} = \frac{33}{65}$$

$$(20) \quad \tan(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \beta}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \beta}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{4} + \frac{-5}{-12}}{1 - \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)\left(\frac{5}{12}\right)} = \frac{-\frac{4}{12}}{1 + \frac{15}{48}}$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{1}{3}}{\frac{63}{48}} = -\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{48}{63} = \frac{-16}{63}$$

$$(21) \quad \sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

$$2\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)\left(-\frac{4}{5}\right) = -\frac{24}{25}$$

$$(22) \quad \cos \frac{\beta}{2} = -\sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \beta}{2}} = -\sqrt{\frac{1 + \left(-\frac{12}{13}\right)}{2}} = -\sqrt{\frac{1}{26}} = -\frac{\sqrt{26}}{26}$$

(0, π)

$$\textcircled{23} \quad \sin \frac{3\pi}{4} \cos \frac{5\pi}{6} + \sin \frac{5\pi}{6} \cos \frac{3\pi}{4}$$
$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = -\frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}$$

$$\textcircled{24} \quad \cos^2 15^\circ - \sin^2 15^\circ = \cos 2(15^\circ) = \cos 30^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{25} \quad \cos \left(\frac{5\pi}{12} - \frac{\pi}{12} \right) = \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{3} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{26} \quad \tan 22.5^\circ = \frac{1 - \cos 45^\circ}{\sin 45^\circ} = \frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} = \frac{2 - \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$$
$$= \frac{2\sqrt{2} - 2}{2} = \sqrt{2} - 1$$